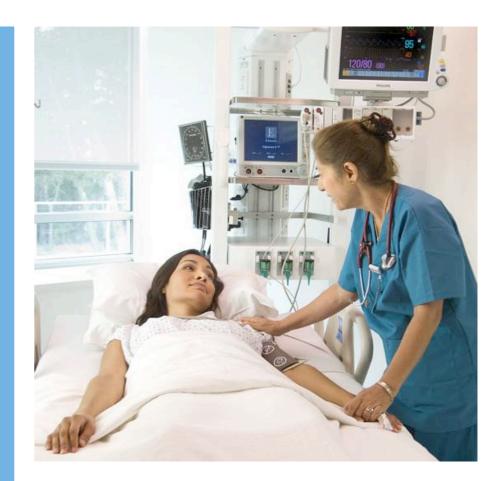
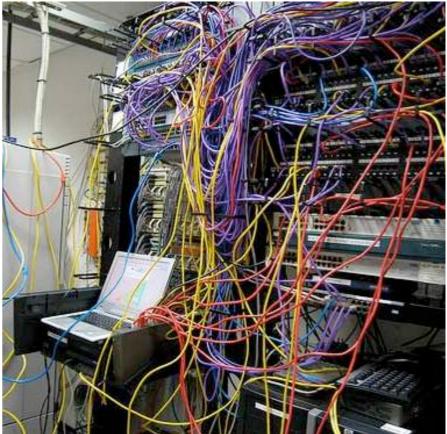
Converging Medical Device & Enterprise Networks

Medical Connectivity Consulting



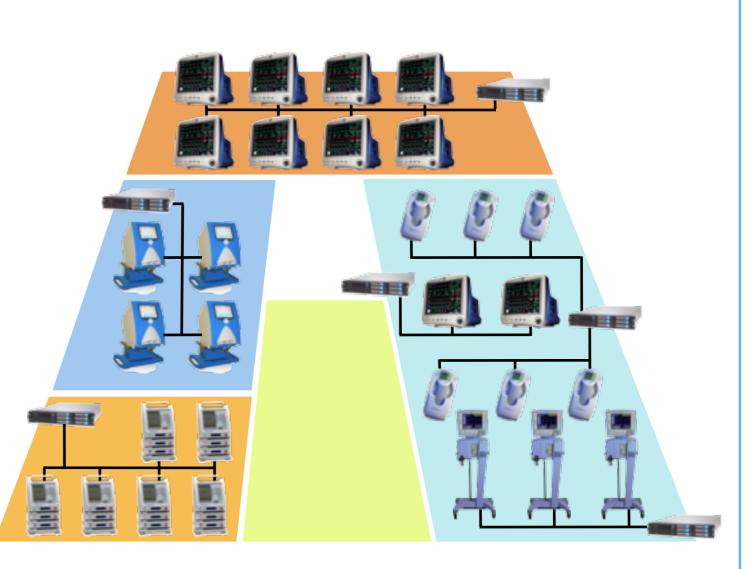


Agenda

- Medical device system networks
- Convergence challenges
- Best practices

Medical Device Networks

- Private networks
- Tightly controlled by vendor
- Easier to support
- Lower R&D costs
- Entire system is regulated
- Ideal for departmental systems



Private Network Limits

- Create "islands of information"
- Sometimes include discontinued third party products
- Not kept current with evolving network/computer technology
- Proliferate widely
- Barrier to enterprise deployments
- Customer sees unnecessary complexity, duplication and cost



Bob Metacalf, Ethernet inventor holding ThickNet network cable

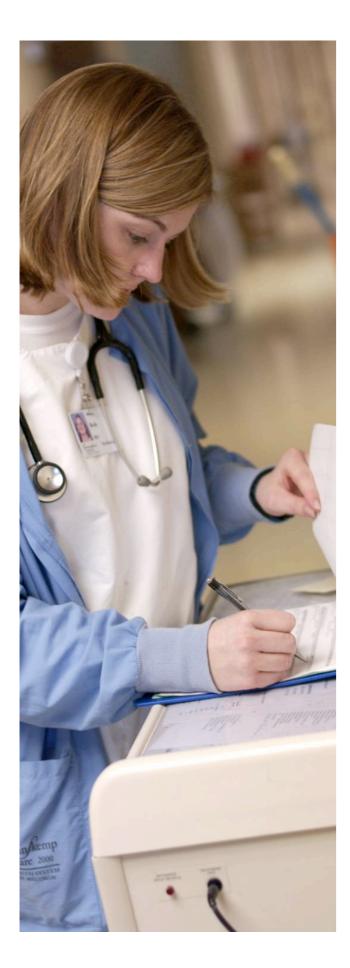
Medical Device As Information Appliance

- Enterprise-wide deployments
- Overlapping deployment of different devices
- Driven by patient safety applications
- Driven by EMR adoption

EMR Adoption Model			
	Cumulative Capabilities	Q2 2008	Q3 2008
Stage 7	Medical record fully electronic; HCO able to contribute CCD as byproduct of EMR; Data warehousing in use	0.0%	0.1%
Stage 6	Physician documentation (structured templates), full CDSS (variance & compliance), full R-PACS	0.9%	1.0%
Stage 5	Closed loop medication administration	1.0%	1.3%
Stage 4	CPOE, CDSS (clinical protocols)	1.8%	1.9%
Stage 3	Clinical documentation (flow sheets), CDSS (error checking), PACS available outside Radiology	32.0%	32.9%
Stage 2	Clinical data repository, Controlled Medical Vocabulary, Clinical Decision Support System, may have Document Imaging	33.9%	33.2%
State 1	Ancillaries - Lab, Rad, Pharmacy - all installed	12.6%	12.5%
Stage 0	All three ancillaries not installed	17.7%	17.1%
	Total Hospitals	n = 5048	n = 5050
Data from HIMSS Analytics Databas			

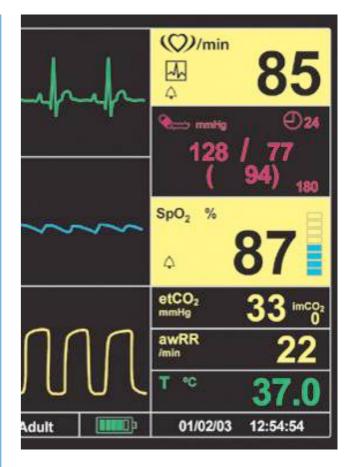
Agenda

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Network Variability

Network design and configuration Authentication and encryption Network vendor diversity





Network Management

Documentation Network reliability & predictability Test and change control Emerging systems-of-systems problem







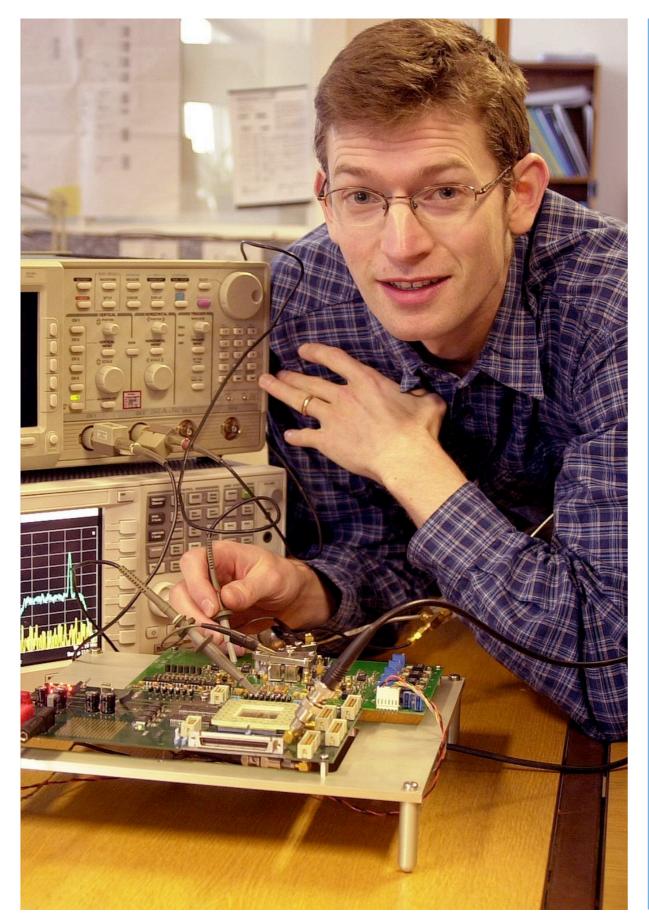
IEC 80001

One or more networked medical devices Formal risk management process (ISO 14971) Manage networks as medical devices Responsibility Agreements with vendors Complete in 2010









Service & Support

Losing control of network environment Complexity diagnosing problems Shortage of general IT expertise

Philips Research

Regulatory

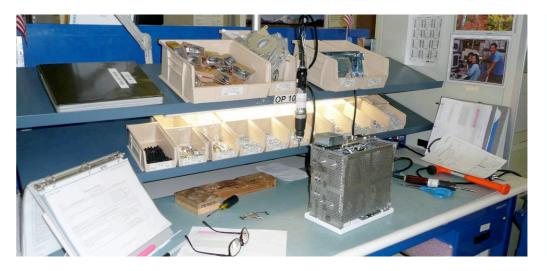


Maintaining QSR on open networks Adequate verification testing Consolidate WW regulatory issues IEC 80001 - Responsibility Agreement



Product Development

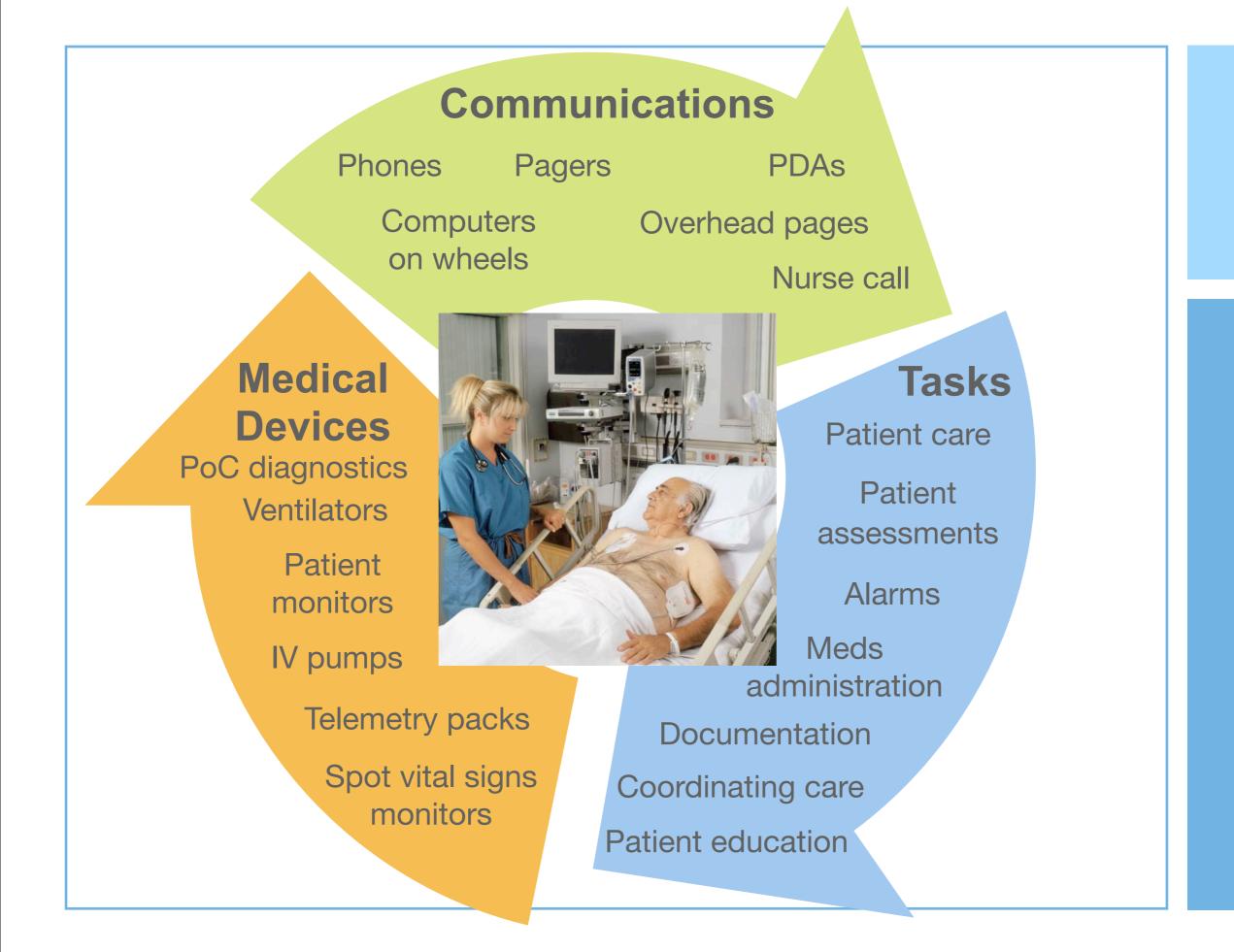
Supporting enterprise IT variability Supporting multiple network vendors Medical device coexistence Verification - scalability, environment





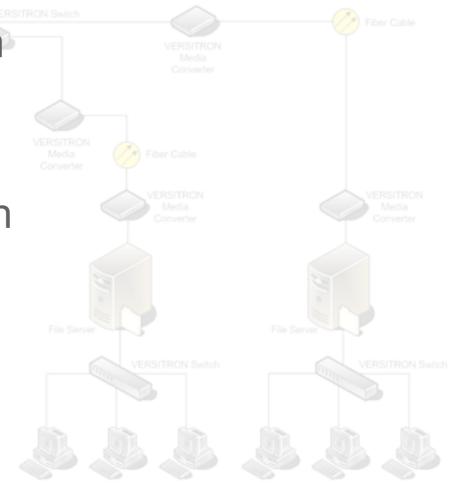
Agenda

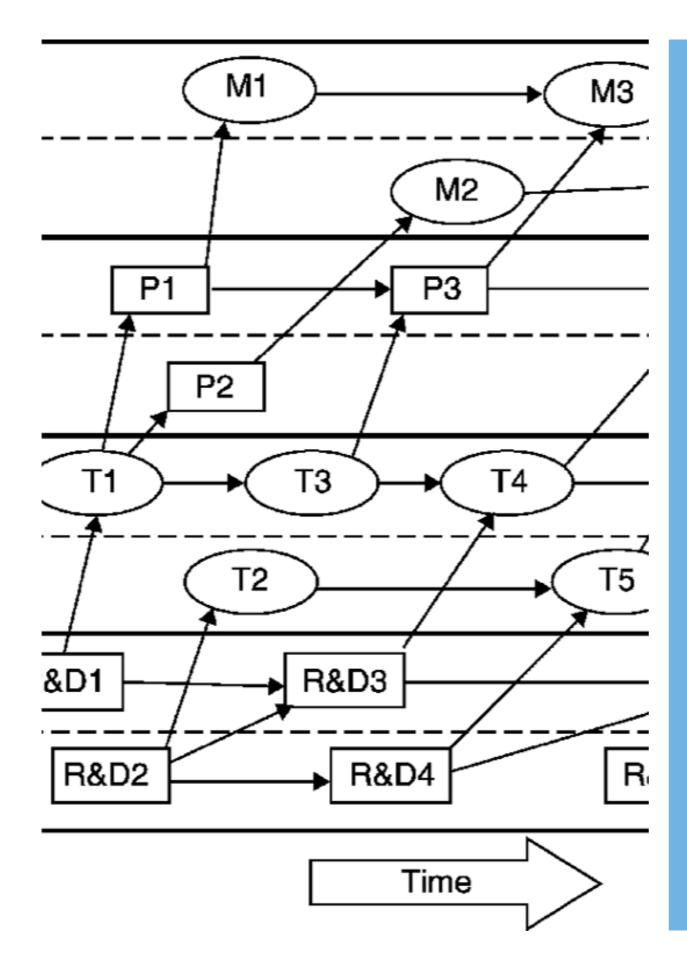
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Networks are Designed

- New applications = new requirements = new design
- Get network specifications from medical device manufacturers
- Provider is responsible for ensuring network remains within specifications

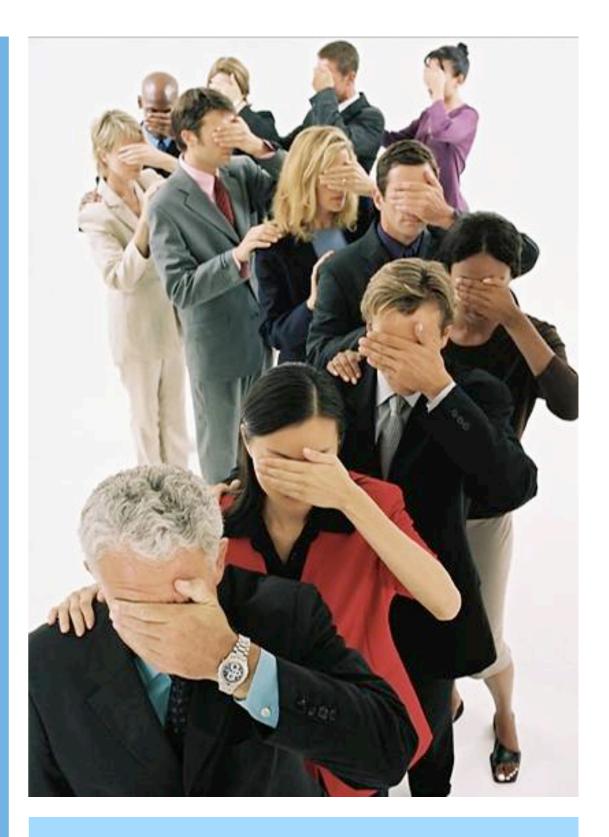




Create a Technology Roadmap Across clinical areas Across technologies Note specific solutions, integrations, and required infrastructure

Balance IT Standards with Clinical Needs

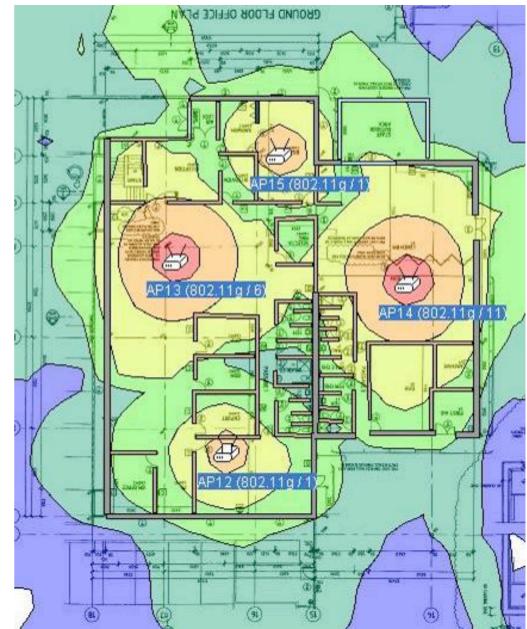
Core mission is *healthcare delivery* not IT delivery Proactively disclose your standards to manufacturers Be flexible



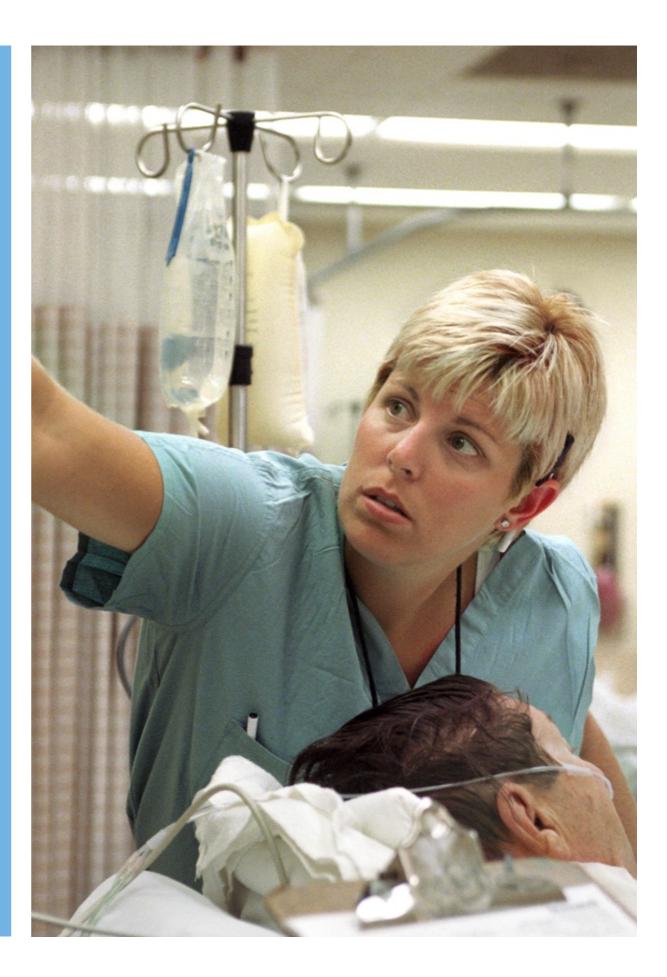
Monitor & Manage Networks

Maintain manufacturer's specifications Realistic test environment Rigorous change control





Bibliography IEC 80001 - An Introduction IEC 80001 - To Impact Providers Wi-Fi Device Drivers for **Medical Devices Medical Device Networks** Trouble Industry Can We Fix Wireless Healthcare?











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www.medicalconnectivity.com

